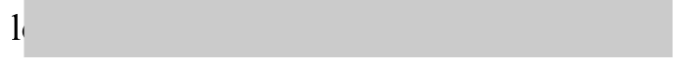


ATTO DI DIFFIDA

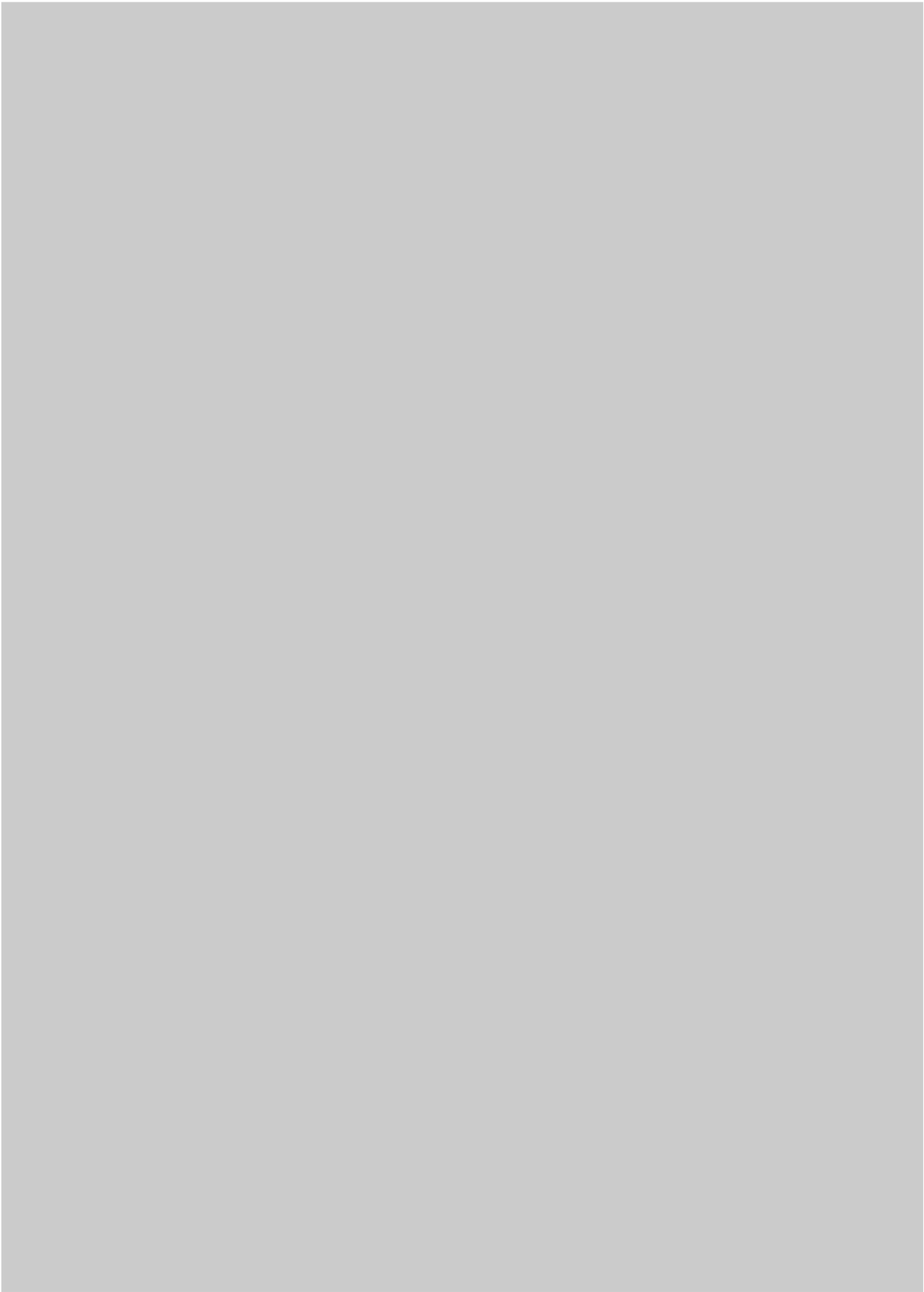

l' , rappresentato e difeso
dall'Avv. Giuseppe Pio Torcicollo (c.f.: TRCGPP70P24C349V), ed
elettivamente domiciliato presso l'indirizzo telematico del suddetto
avvocato, giusta procura allegata (PEC:
giuseppepiotorcicollo@ordineavvocatiRoma.org; FAX 06-
87.77.77.77)

PREMESSO CHE

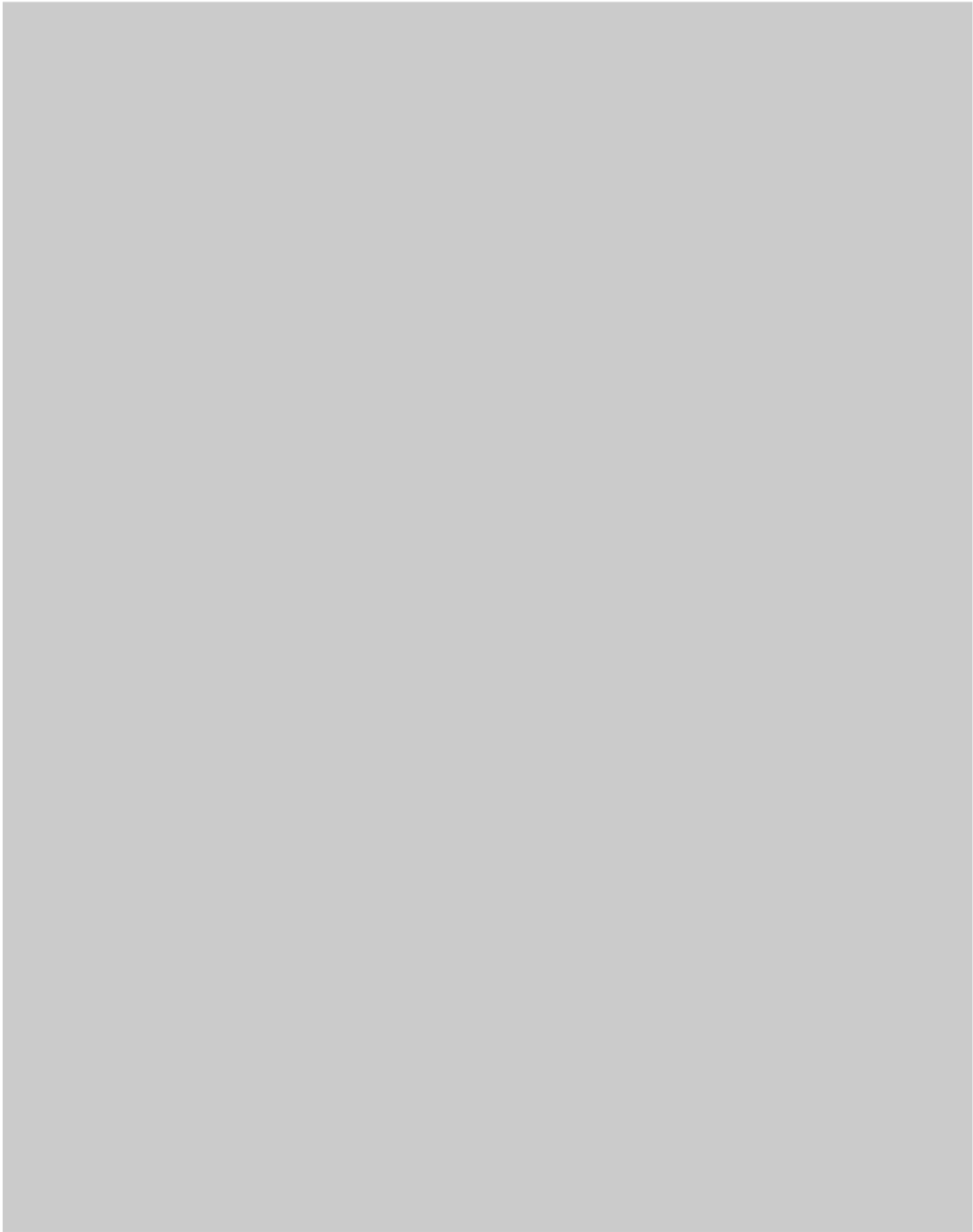
L'odierno istante ha svolto per il Comune di Roma (in seguito Roma Capitale) svariati incarichi riconducibili alle attività svolte dai dipendenti pubblici negli appalti, ex art. 92, comma 5, del d.lgs. 163/2006, di cui alcuni si sono conclusi con determinazioni dirigenziali di liquidazione dell'incentivo, calcolato sulla base del Regolamento a suo tempo adottato da codesta amministrazione, altri non sono stati inseriti in determinazioni dirigenziali di liquidazione, ma si sono comunque conclusi con l'ultimazione dell'opera o lavoro e con l'approvazione del certificato di regolare esecuzione dell'opera o lavoro, onde sono comunque sorti i diritti alla liquidazione degli incentivi per l'opera o lavoro compiuti. Codesta

amministrazione non ha ancora provveduto al pagamento dei suddetti incentivi, quali appresso indicati:







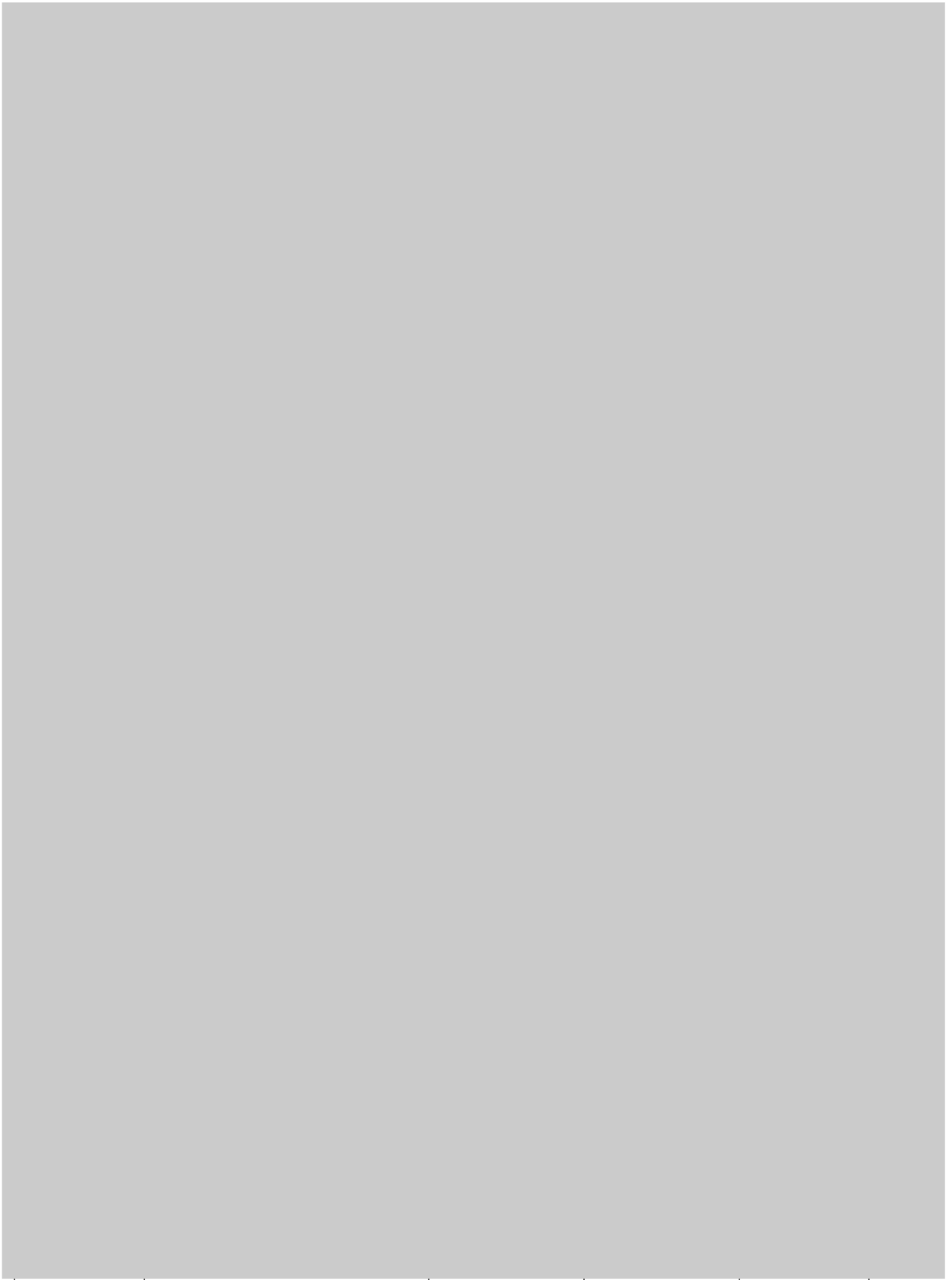


The first part of the paper discusses the importance of the research and the need for a new approach. It then presents a detailed description of the methodology used in the study. The results of the study are then presented, followed by a discussion of the implications of the findings. The paper concludes with a summary of the main points and a list of references.

The research was conducted in a laboratory setting. The participants were all male, aged between 20 and 30 years. They were all students at a university in the United Kingdom. The study was approved by the local ethics committee. The participants were given a practice trial before the main experiment. The results of the practice trial were used to determine the order of the conditions. The participants were then allocated to one of two groups. The first group was the control group. The second group was the experimental group. The control group was given a standard task. The experimental group was given a task that was modified in a specific way. The results of the study showed that the experimental group performed significantly better than the control group. This suggests that the modification to the task was effective. The implications of these findings are discussed in the next section.

The findings of this study have several implications. First, they suggest that the modification to the task was effective. This could be used to improve the performance of other tasks. Second, the findings suggest that the experimental group was more motivated than the control group. This could be due to the fact that the experimental group was given a more challenging task. This could be used to improve the motivation of other groups. Finally, the findings suggest that the experimental group was more focused than the control group. This could be due to the fact that the experimental group was given a more challenging task. This could be used to improve the focus of other groups.

In conclusion, the findings of this study suggest that the modification to the task was effective. This could be used to improve the performance of other tasks. The findings also suggest that the experimental group was more motivated and more focused than the control group. This could be used to improve the motivation and focus of other groups.



The first part of the paper discusses the importance of the research and the objectives of the study. It then presents a literature review of the existing research on the topic. The second part of the paper describes the methodology used in the study, including the data collection and analysis techniques. The third part of the paper presents the results of the study and discusses the implications of the findings. The final part of the paper concludes the study and provides recommendations for future research.

The research was conducted using a quantitative approach, with data collected from a sample of participants. The data was then analyzed using statistical methods to identify patterns and trends. The results of the study indicate that there is a significant relationship between the variables being studied. This finding has important implications for the field of research and may lead to further exploration of the topic.

The study was limited by several factors, including the sample size and the scope of the research. Future research should aim to address these limitations and provide a more comprehensive understanding of the topic. The findings of this study suggest that there is a need for further research in this area, and it is hoped that this paper will contribute to the ongoing discussion.



L'istante, peraltro, già in data 30.01.2017 ha inoltrato una diffida al pagamento delle suddette somme, senza ottenere alcuna risposta.

Tanto premesso,

SI DIFFIDA

Codesto Ente ad effettuare il pagamento dei suddetti importi entro e non oltre 30 giorni dal ricevimento del presente atto.

In difetto, si adirà il Tribunale competente per ottenere la condanna di quanto indicato.

Roma, 23 dicembre 2021

Avv. Giuseppe Pio Torcicollo

Firmato digitalmente da: TORCICOLLO GIUSEPPE PIO
Ruolo: 4.6 Avvocato
Organizzazione: ORDINE AVVOCATI ROMA
Motivo: AVVOCATO
Luogo: ROMA
Data: 23/12/2021 21:44:39